

Key Facts About the CalWORKs Program

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THE CALIFORNIA BUDGET PROJECT January 2011

Overview

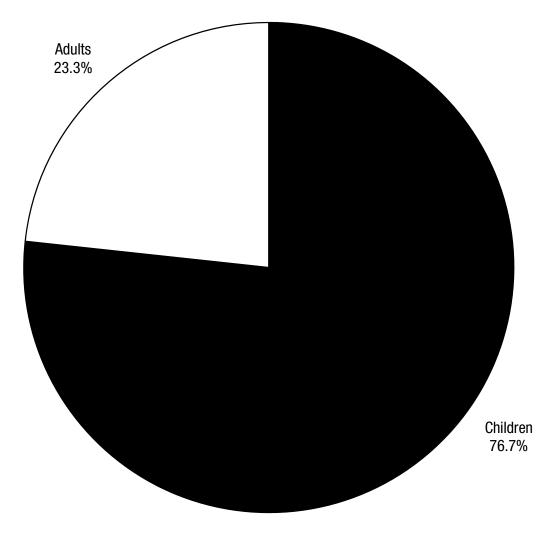
- The California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs) Program is a key component of California's safety net for low-income families.
- CalWORKs provides modest cash assistance and job-related services for struggling low-income families with children.
- Spending on CalWORKs has declined substantially since the mid-1990s.
- The number of families in CalWORKs dropped starting in the mid-1990s, but enrollment increased after the Great Recession began in 2007.
- The Legislature made significant cuts to CalWORKs in 2009.
- The Governor proposes deeper cuts to CalWORKs in 2011-12, including a 13.0 percent grant reduction.
- CalWORKs is more important than ever as California's families continue to struggle in the aftermath of the Great Recession.



CalWORKs Provides Modest Cash Assistance and Job-Related Services for Struggling Low-Income Families With Children



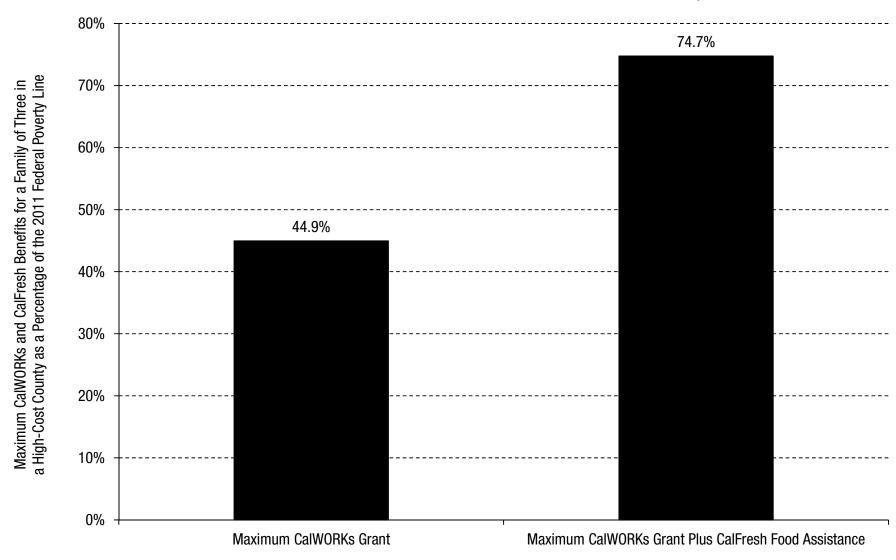
More Than Three Out of Four CalWORKs Recipients Are Children



Number of Individuals Receiving CalWORKs Cash Assistance in September 2010 = 1.4 Million



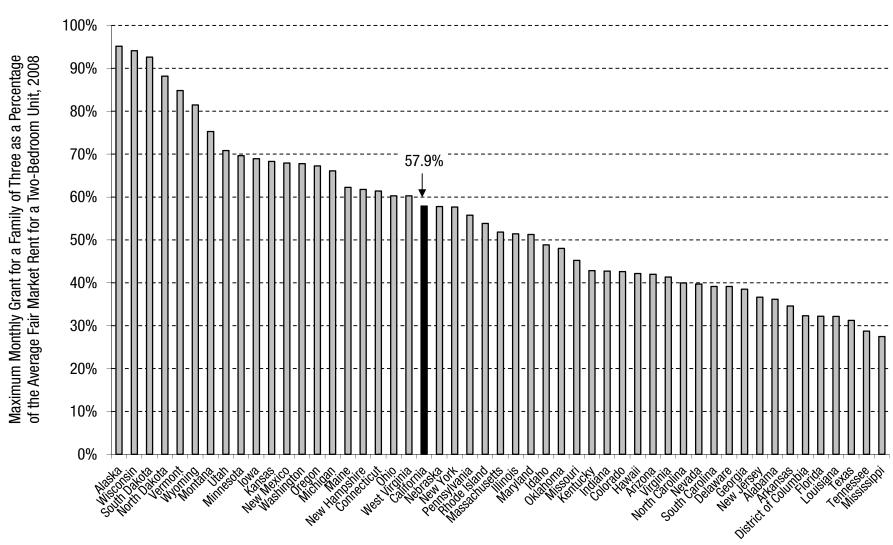
The Maximum CalWORKs Grant in 2010-11 Is Less Than Half the Federal Poverty Line





Source: Department of Social Services, Legislative Analyst's Office, and US Department of Health and Human Services

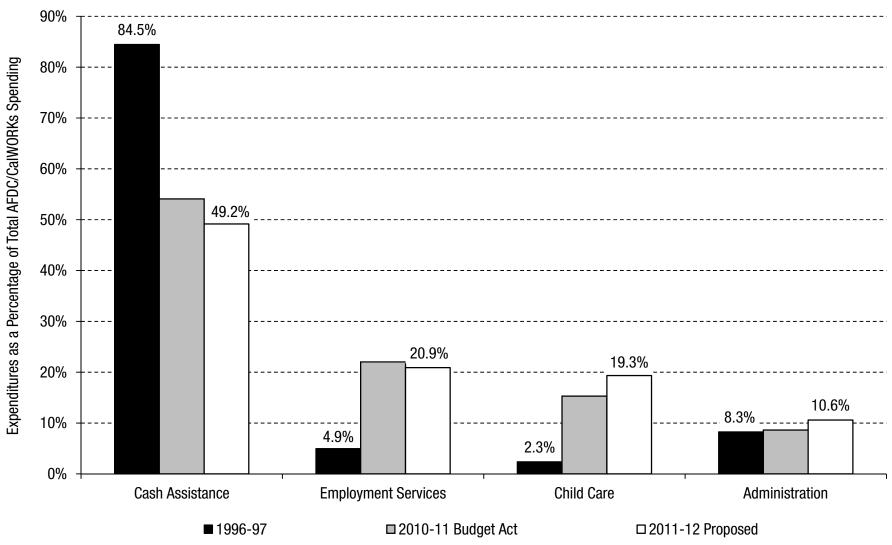
The CalWORKs Grant Level Is Lower Than TANF Grants in 20 States, After Adjusting for Housing Costs





Source: Center on Budget and Policy Priorities and National Low Income Housing Coalition

Cash Assistance Has Declined Dramatically as a Share of Total Welfare Spending Since 1996-97 Spending on Employment Services and Child Care Increased During the Same Period



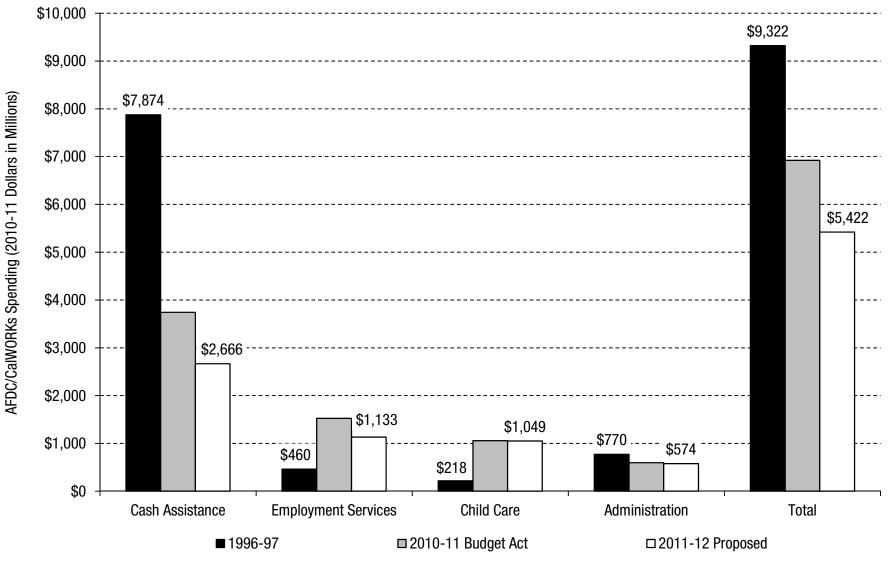


Note: AFDC/CalWORKs spending includes county, state, and federal funds. Source: Department of Finance and Department of Social Services

Spending on CalWORKs Has Declined Substantially Since the Mid-1990s



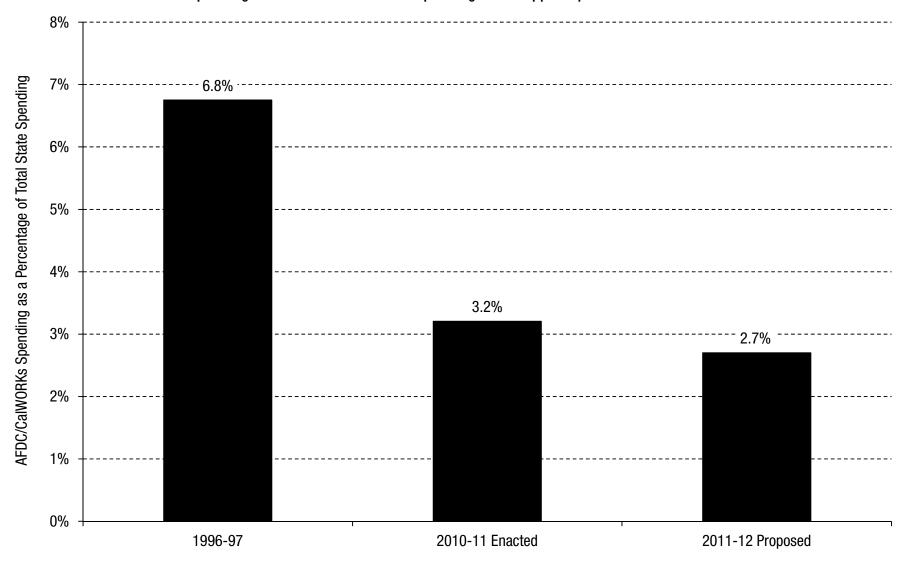
Total Welfare Spending in California Has Dropped Substantially Since the Mid-1990s





Note: AFDC/CalWORKs spending includes county, state, and federal funds. Source: Department of Finance and Department of Social Services

Welfare Spending as a Share of Total State Spending Has Dropped by More Than Half Since 1996-97





Note: AFDC/CalWORKs spending includes county, state, and federal funds.

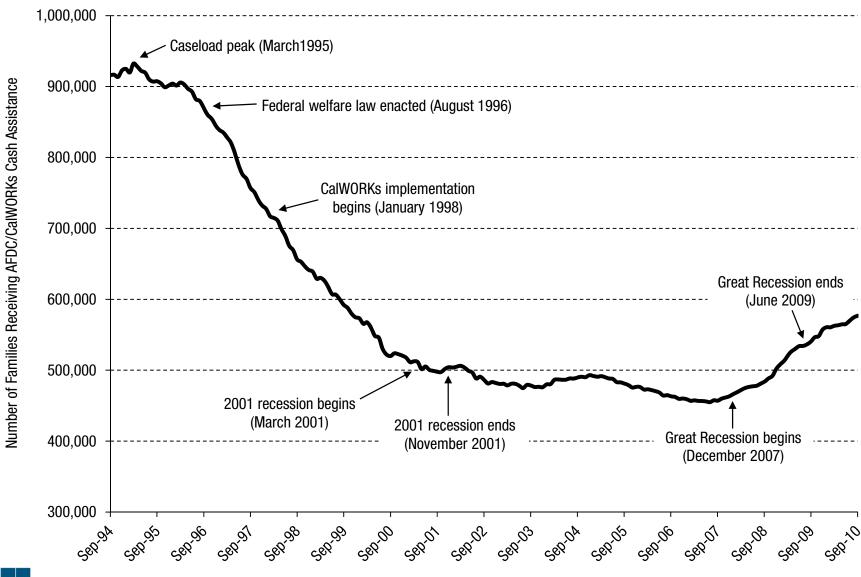
Total state spending includes state and federal funds.

Source: Department of Finance and Department of Social Services

The Number of Families in CalWORKs
Dropped Starting in the Mid-1990s,
But Enrollment Increased After the
Great Recession Began in 2007

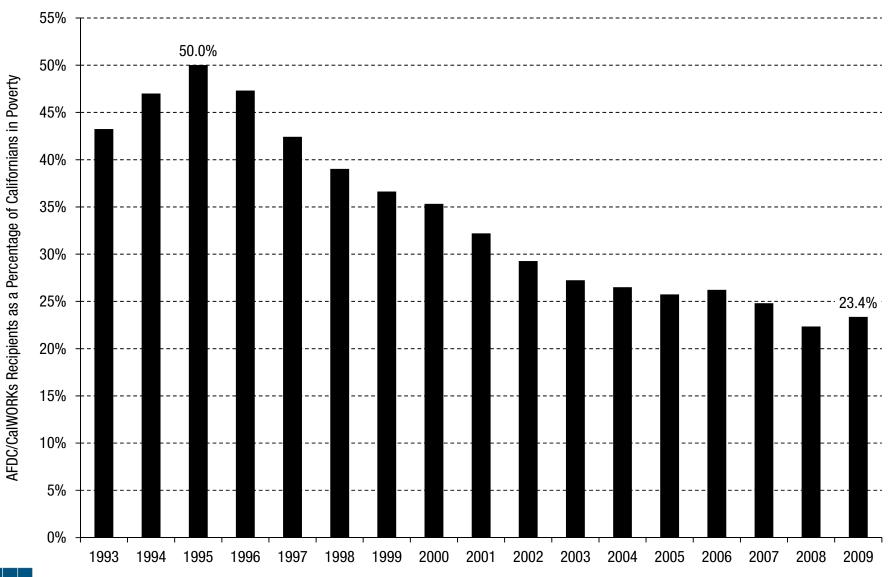


The Number of Families Receiving CalWORKs Cash Assistance Dropped Starting in the Mid-1990s



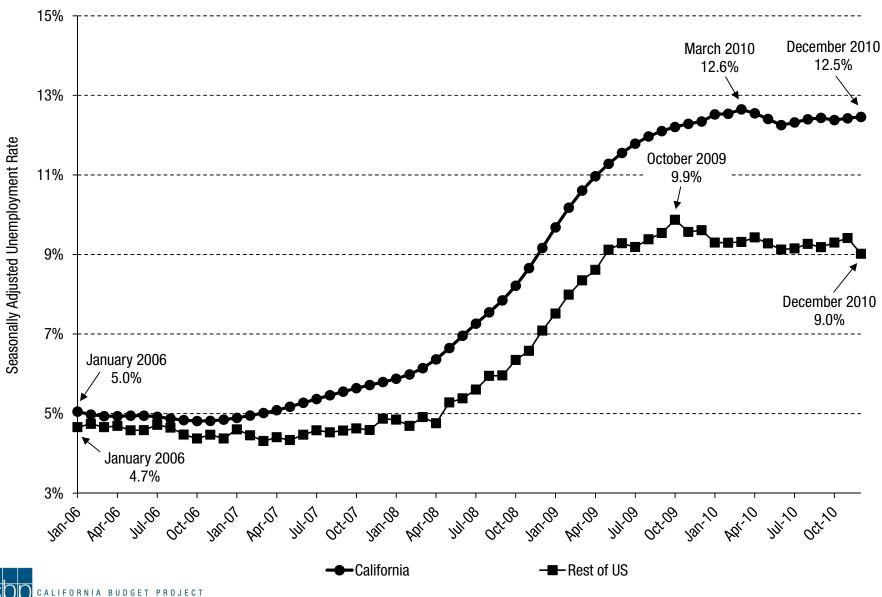


Californians in Poverty Are Much Less Likely To Receive Cash Assistance Than in the Mid-1990s



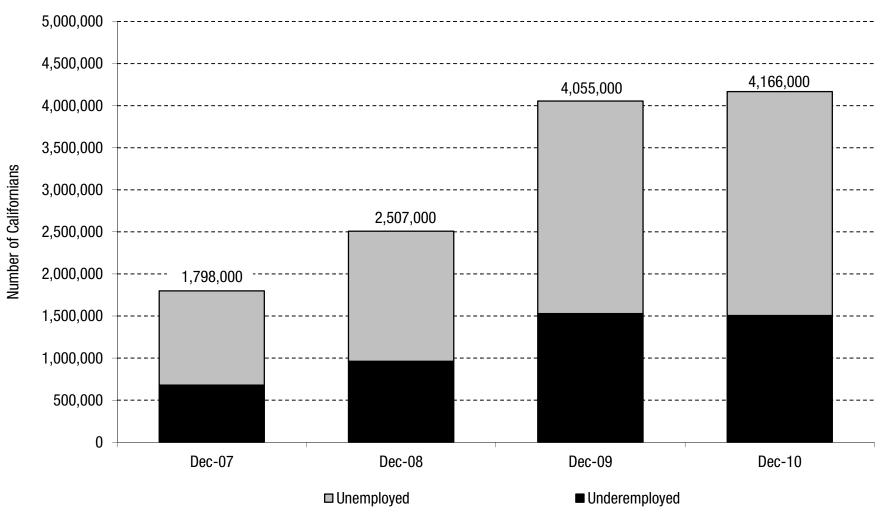


California's Unemployment Rate Remains High





The Number of Unemployed and Underemployed Californians Remains High

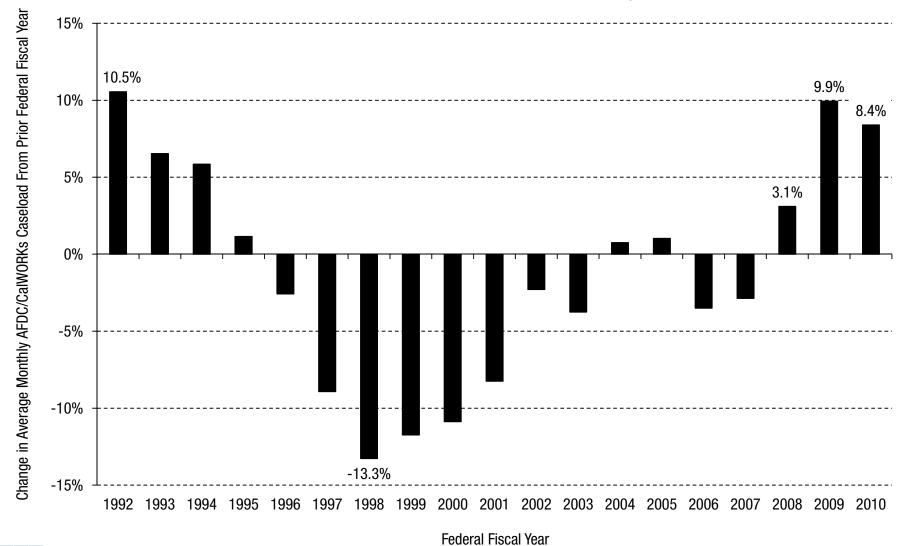


Note: Data reflect 12-month averages ending in December. "Unemployed" includes individuals who want to work and are available for work, but who have not searched for work within the past month.

Source: Employment Development Department



The Number of Families Receiving CalWORKs Cash Assistance Has Increased Since the Great Recession Began





Policymakers Made Significant Cuts to CalWORKs in 2009



CalWORKs Changes With an Impact in 2009 or 2010

- The February and July 2009 budget agreements:
 - Suspended the July 2009 cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for CalWORKs grants, the fifth consecutive year the statutory COLA was not provided.
 - Cut grants by 4 percent effective July 1, 2009. The maximum monthly grant for a family of three dropped from \$723 to \$694, the same amount as in 1989.
 - Permanently eliminated the statutory COLA for CalWORKs grants effective July 2010.
 - Cut funding that counties use to provide services and child care by \$375 million in 2009-10 and 2010-11.
 - Exempted certain parents who have young children from work participation requirements through June 2011.



CalWORKs Changes That Could Have an Impact in 2011

- The July 2009 budget agreement included major CalWORKs changes effective July 2011. These changes would:
 - Limit adults to 48 cumulative months of cash assistance in any 60-month period. After a 12-month break, the adult's portion of the grant could be restored for up to 12 additional months.
 - Require certain adults to attend a "self-sufficiency review"
 with county workers or receive a 50 percent grant cut.
 - Cut, by up to 50 percent, grants for children in certain households in which adults do not meet work requirements.
- Governor Brown proposes to repeal these changes and replace them with a stricter 48-month time limit (discussed below).



The Governor Proposes Deeper Cuts to CalWORKs in 2011-12

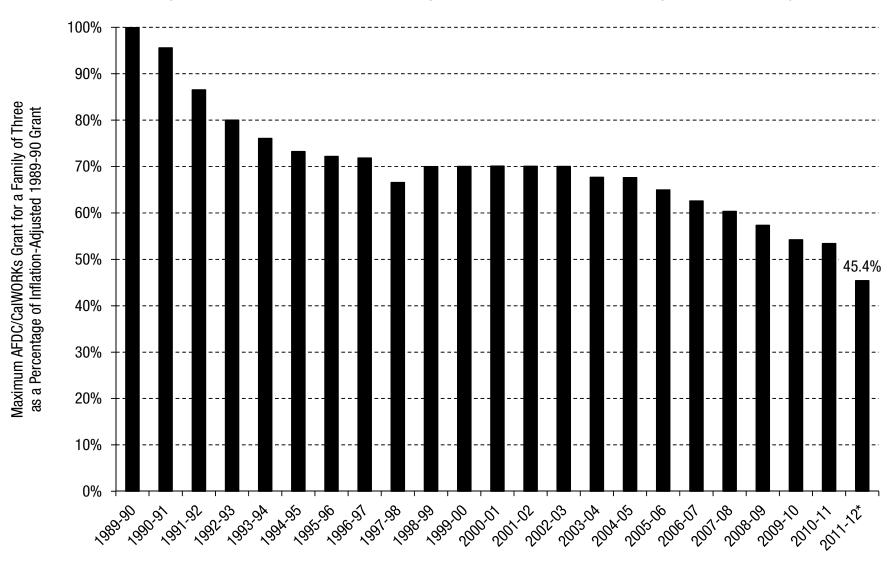


The Governor Proposes More CalWORKs Grant Cuts

- The Governor proposes to cut CalWORKs grants by 13.0 percent effective June 1, 2011 for savings of \$14.3 million in 2010-11 and \$415.0 million in 2011-12. This cut would reduce the maximum grant for a family of three in high-cost counties from \$694 to \$604 per month.
- CalWORKs grants have not kept pace with inflation due to grant cuts and the state's failure to consistently provide an annual COLA. Under the Governor's proposal, CalWORKs grants in 2011-12 would be worth less than half (45.4 percent) of their 1989-90 value, after adjusting for inflation.
- The maximum grant for a family of three would have to increase to \$1,330 in 2011-12 more than double the Governor's proposed grant level of \$604 to have the same purchasing power as it did in 1989-90.

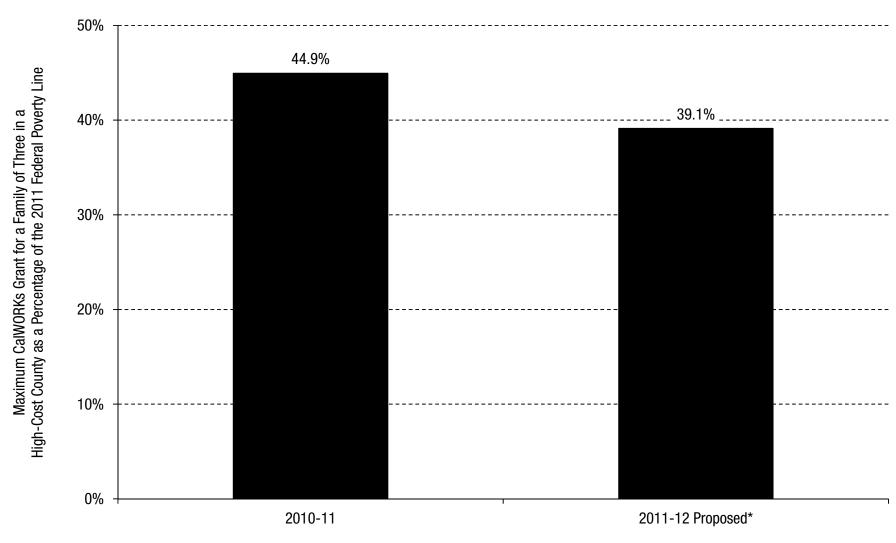


Purchasing Power of CalWORKs Grants Would Drop Further Under the Governor's Proposed 2011-12 Budget





The Maximum CalWORKs Grant Would Drop Below 40 Percent of the Federal Poverty Line Under the Governor's Proposed 2011-12 Budget





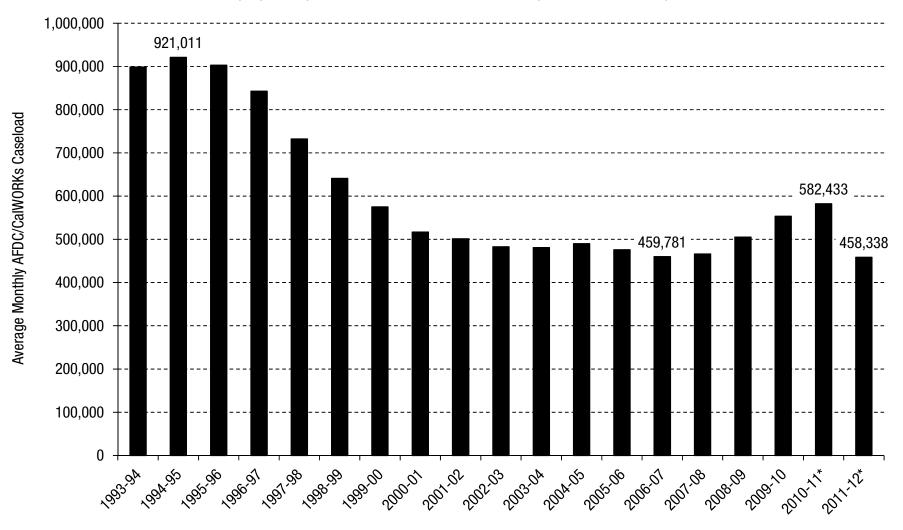
* Reflects the Governor's proposal to reduce CalWORKs grants by 13.0 percent effective July 1, 2011. Source: Department of Social Services and US Department of Health and Human Services

The Governor Proposes Additional CalWORKs Cuts

- The Governor proposes to:
 - Limit families to 48 months of cash assistance effective July 1, 2011 for savings of \$851.0 million in 2011-12. This limit would be applied retroactively. Approximately 115,000 families with 234,000 children would lose benefits. Some families could receive a child-only grant beyond 48 months, including those in which the adult meets federal work participation requirements.
 - Cut funding that counties use to provide welfare-towork services and child care for a third consecutive year for savings of \$376.9 million in 2011-12.

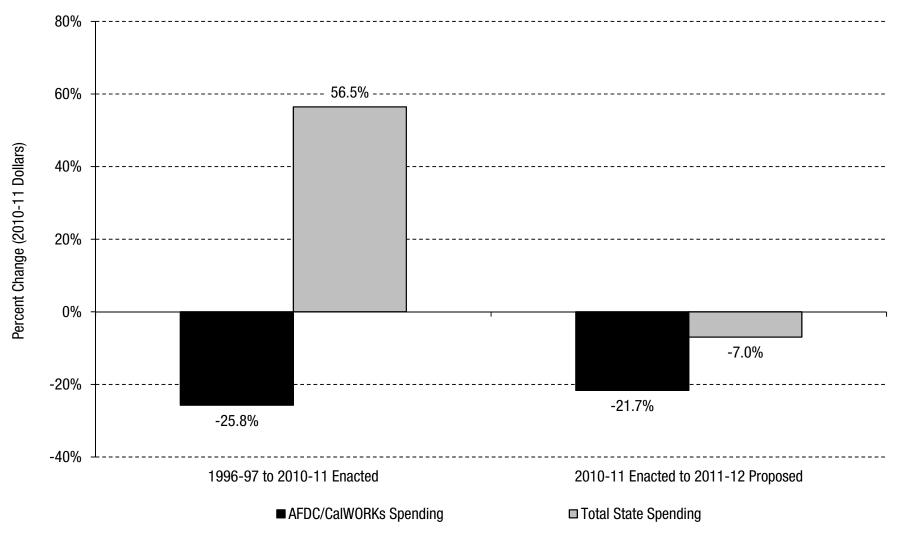


The Number of Families Receiving CalWORKs Cash Assistance Would Drop by Nearly 125,000 Under the Governor's Proposed 2011-12 Budget





Welfare Spending Has Fallen by One-Quarter Since 1996-97 and Would Drop Further Under the Governor's Proposed 2011-12 Budget





Note: AFDC/CalWORKs spending includes county, state, and federal funds.

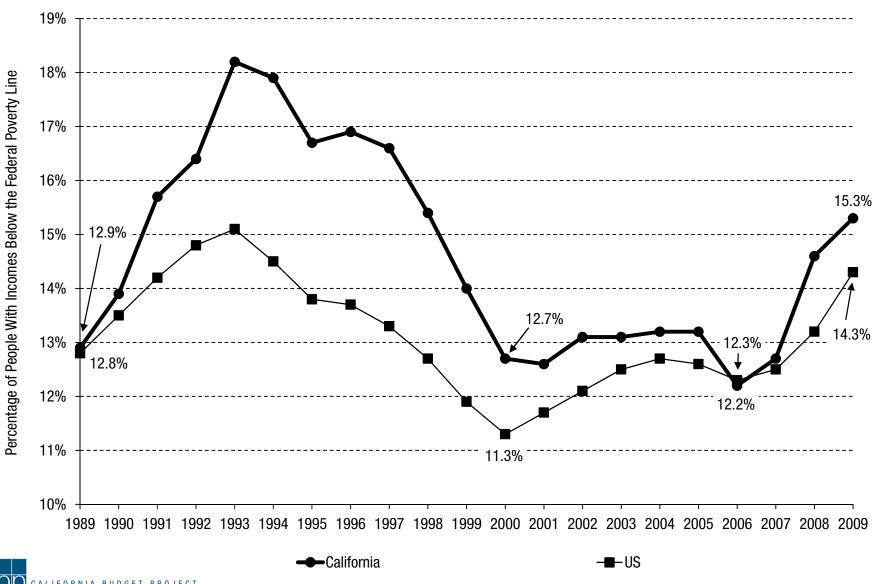
Total state spending includes state and federal funds.

Source: Department of Finance and Department of Social Services

CalWORKs Is More Important Than Ever as California's Families Continue To Struggle in the Aftermath of the Great Recession

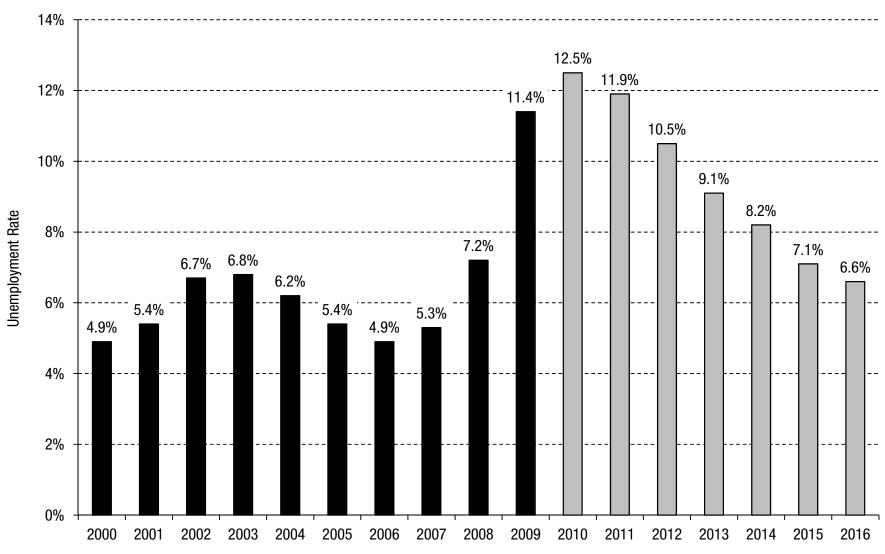


California's Poverty Rate Increased Significantly Between 2006 and 2009





California's Annual Jobless Rate Is Projected To Remain Above 10 Percent Through 2012





Note: 2010 is estimated, 2011 through 2016 are projected. Source: Legislative Analyst's Office and US Bureau of Labor Statistics