

The 2017-18 May Revision and This Year's Budget Debate

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The **Policy Perspectives Speakers Series** features in-person and online events that provide expert analysis and insights on key policy questions facing California.

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Part I The Governor's 2017-18 May Revision: Context and Top Lines

From the Budget Center's First Look, released last week:

The May Revision "makes several improvements over the Governor's January proposal," but "still reflects deep uncertainty about potential federal actions."

Putting the Governor's 2017-18 May Revision in Context

Several major issues/considerations:

- Continued prospect of big cuts/changes at the federal level
- State revenues coming in somewhat stronger than projected in January
- Various key services and supports still operating at diminished levels due to cuts made during and after the Great Recession
- Economic hardship still high in most parts of the state, even several years after the end of the recession

The Governor's May Revision: Top Lines

- Forecasts revenues that are more than \$2 billion higher (over three-year period) than projected in January, but still lower than projected last summer
- Supports K-14 education at a level above what is required by the Proposition 98 minimum funding guarantee
- "Un-pauses" multiyear plan to reinvest in child care and preschool, as included in last summer's budget package
- Includes funds to lessen impact of In-Home Supportive Services "cost-shift" to counties
- Contains no new investments in many key services that help families make ends meet and advance

Part II Key Components of the Governor's May Revision

May Revision calls for "modestly improved fiscal outlook."

General Fund revenues over the three-year "budget window" (2015-16 to 2017-18) are expected to be \$2.5 billion higher than projected in January — but still \$3.3 billion below what was projected last summer.

Governor's revised budget continues emphasis on building reserves, partly as required by Prop. 2 (2014).

Total state reserves would be a projected \$10.1 billion at end of 2017-18, including \$8.5 billion in the "rainy day fund."

May Revision boosts funding for K-12 schools and community colleges above the Prop. 98 minimum funding level.

May Revision assumes a Prop. 98 funding level of \$74.6 billion for 2017-18, \$1.1 billion more than that assumed in the January proposal.

"Overappropriation" of Prop. 98 funding for 2017-18, in turn, could lift the funding guarantee in future years.

May Revision reflects
"cost-shift" to counties of
nearly \$600 million for
In-Home Supportive Services
– but provides funds to
reduce impact.

Prop. 56 will raise a projected \$1.8 billion through June 2018, with over \$1.3 billion allocated to Medi-Cal.

May Revision maintains plan to use these new tobacco-tax revenues to pay for typical, year-to-year Medi-Cal cost increases, rather than "improved payments" for health care services as Prop. 56 requires.

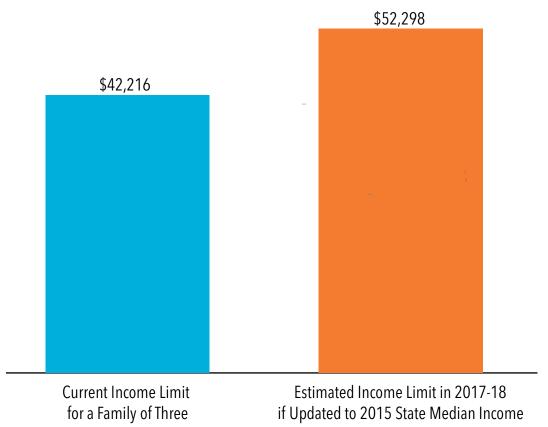
In change from January proposal, May Revision "un-pauses" multiyear plan to reinvest in early care and education.

The Child Care and Development System in the 2017-18 May Revision

- Provides \$160.3 million to increase the reimbursement rate for providers that contract directly with the state.
- Provides \$42.2 million to update the payment rates for voucher-based providers.
- Provides \$7.9 million to add 3,000 full-day state preschool slots beginning April 1, 2018, as scheduled in the original multiyear plan.
- But—does not update income eligibility limits, which are currently based on data that are a decade old.

The Income Eligibility Limit Would Increase by 24 Percent if Updated for the Most Recent State Median Income

Income Limit for a Family of Three for Subsidized Child Care and the State Preschool Program



Note: The estimated income limit for 2017-18 is based on the state median income for a four-person family in 2015, adjusted to reflect a three-person family using the methodology applied by the California Department of Education (CDE) as part of the latest update to the income limit in 2007-08. Source: Budget Center analysis of data from CDE and US Census Bureau



Revised budget reflects recent enactment of transportation funding package.

This 10-year, \$54 billion transportation package is split evenly between state and local programs. Revenues come from a set of tax and fee increases.

May Revision proposes supplemental payment for state employee pensions (CalPERS).

Governor proposes to increase spending to address federal actions on immigration and other issues.

Increased resources include \$15 million for immigration-related legal services and \$6.5 million to Department of Justice to respond to federal actions that affect public safety, the environment, and other areas.

On "cap and-trade," Governor seeks legislative action affirming Air Resources Board's authority to administer the program beyond 2020.

Contingent on this action, the Governor proposes to spend \$2.2 billion in cap-and-trade auction proceeds on transit investments, affordable housing, and other activities.

Governor notes various effects of the state's affordable housing crisis, but calls for no new state investment.

Revised budget for 2017-18 continues to rescind the \$400 million for affordable housing programs set aside in last year's budget agreement.

May Revision includes no new investments in the California Earned Income Tax Credit (CalEITC).

Governor's revised budget — like January proposal — does not include the \$2 million provided in this year's budget for CalEITC outreach and education.

As in January, Governor proposes no new investments in various supports for Californians with low incomes.

May Revision does not propose to increase CalWORKs grants or time limits, boost state support for SSI/SSP, or restore optional Medi-Cal benefits that had been eliminated to address recession-era budget shortfalls.

Part III Issues and Questions to Watch

Some Key Questions Likely to Shape the Coming Weeks' Budget Debate

- Will the Legislature seek to reverse some or all of the May Revision's "overappropriation" (above the Prop. 98 guarantee) to K-14 education and redirect these dollars to other state priorities?
- Will the Governor's approach to the IHSS cost-shift be adopted "as is" in the final budget package?
- Will the Legislature accept the Governor's interpretation of Prop. 56? Or will lawmakers seek to direct some of these tobacco-tax revenues to Medi-Cal program expansions?

More Key Questions Likely to Shape the Coming Weeks' Budget Debate

- Will the Legislature approve some or all of the pending package of bills that aims to boost state support for affordable housing?
- Will policymakers maintain or expand funding for CalEITC outreach efforts and/or expand the credit itself?
- Will the Legislature seek additional investments in CalWORKs, SSI/SSP, and other key supports?
- At the federal level, what types of budget cuts or other actions may be coming out of Washington, DC?

Look for future announcements about Budget Center events, held online and around the state



Part IV Questions and Discussion



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